Computer Forensics Jujitsu for Auditors:

Conducting Legally Defensible Investigations



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Whether you are conducting or supporting the investigation of illicit pornography, disgruntled employees, malicious software outbreaks, fraud, advanced cyber attacks, or other sophisticated zero-day targeted attacks launched by China, the investigation primitives are the same. The investigators or supporting casts have to quickly identify and collect the most crucial evidence wherever it may be. Evidence can be found in: laptops, mobile devices, servers, desktops, networks, social media, or in the wild and must be collected in a forensically-sound or legally-defensible manner. Further, the investigation must be conducted without preconceived ideas about the guilt or innocence of the suspect.

In this presentation, we will explore what the ultra-busy auditor can do to build up their forensics capabilities, collect and handle evidence properly, conduct a forensics investigation, and produce a credible report that can withstand legal scrutiny. More importantly, we will examine tools of the trades that the auditor can start using today. At the end of the session, all attendees should be able to start conducting an investigation or, at a minimum, start acquiring evidence in a forensically-sound manner.





Investigative Scenario #1: You're Called to Duty!

Scenario:

- John, an employee, is surfing illegal porn with a corporate-issued Windows 8 Laptop
- As an IT Auditor (Cyber Auditor), you are called to conduct the investigation
- Assume there is a lot of evidence on the laptop

Questions:

- What would your steps be in performing the task?
- What tools would you use?





Investigative Scenario #2: Vicki and the Boss

Scenario

 Your best friend, Jack, suspects that his wife, Vicki, is having an unusual relationship with her billionaire boss. Jack has asked you to analyze Vicki's work laptop for any potential evidence. Jack wants to sneak the laptop to you in the middle of the night while Vicki is deep asleep

Question

How would you go about providing Jack with the forensics evidence he needs to confront Vicki?





Agenda*

- Need for Digital Forensics Investigation
- Maintaining Forensics Soundness
- Maze of Computer Forensics Investigation
- Challenges Faced by Cyber Auditors
- Developing an Arsenal for Conducting Forensically-Sound Investigations
- Building Corporate Forensics Capability
- Key Success Factors

* This slide is intentionally placed here!





Need for Digital Investigation

- Trojan Defense (Example: US vs. Thomas Ray)
- Illicit pornography
- Sexting
- Computer misuse
- Intellectual property theft
- Fraud, waste, and abuse
- Cyber stalking
- Mobile malware
- Nation-state sponsored cyber crime
- Corporate, civil, or criminal investigation
- Any physical crime HOMICIDE, etc.





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Maintaining Forensic Soundness

- Forensics process that is reliable, repeatable, and documented
- Ensure strict Chain of Custody
- Avoids tampering with the evidence
- Evidence is collected by people that are well trained and experienced
- Employ well-known and tested tools for evidence collection
- Document, dOCuMeNt, DOcUMeNt, and document the investigative process
- End-result must withstand the scrutiny of opposing counsels



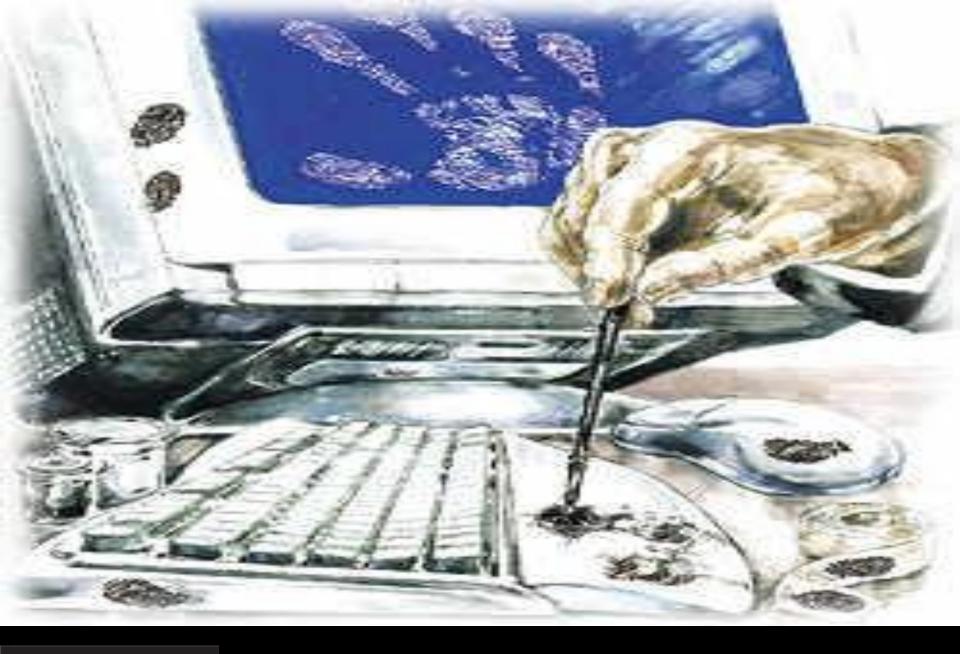


Maze of Computer Forensics Investigation

- Obtain Subpoena or Authorization to Search and/or Seize
- Scope the Investigation
- Secure and Document the Scene
- Handle and Secure the Evidence
- Acquire Evidence (Acquisition/Imaging) from Suspect Media
- Define Review Strategy
 - Identify search terms, keywords, or events of interest
- Verify/Authenticate Evidence
- Analyze the Evidence (never the Original or Suspect drive!)
- Report Findings (in "layman" terms)
- Present Findings or Provide Testimony
- Dispose/Archive Case











Evidence Identification

- How do you identify evidence that is part of the investigation?
- What do you collect from the crime scene?
- Where is the evidence?
 - Hint: any computing device with "storage" capability you name it!
- What is the evidence? Volatile and Non-Volatile
 - Order of volatility
- Evidence Handling
- When do you start collecting evidence don't wait for days, weeks!





Guidance for Investigation

- Independence
- Integrity
- Objectivity
 - Forensics Examination vs. Expert Testimony
- Conflict of Interest

AICPA Reference:

http://www.aicpa.org/interestareas/forensicandvaluation/resources/practaidsguidance/downloadabledocuments/sr 081 excerpt.pdf





Investigative Scenario #3: Dicck Maxxwell

Scenario

A crime has been committed. The computer used has been identified and is still up and running. The user ("suspect"), "Dicck Maxxwell," is claiming that a malware on the system must have downloaded the illicit pornography onto his computer on his behalf. You have been recruited as the forensics czar to conduct this high-profile investigation involving Mr. Maxxwell. Dicck is still sitting at his computer when you and the SWAT team showed up at the doorstep. Dicck started his career in the IT field as a computer operator in the 1980s and is very tech-savvy. In his office are one Windows workstation, a switch, 2 PCs running Linux, a cracked CD, two thumb drives, Microsoft Surface Pro, and a hammer.

Questions

- What items would you collect as evidence?
- What steps would you take to find reasonable evidence for the defense or prosecuting attorneys?





Order of Volatility of Evidence

- CPU Registers, Cache, and Peripheral memory
- Main/Physical memory
 - Microsoft Windows: \\.\PhysicalMemory
 - Unix, OS X: /dev/mem, /var/vm
 - Linux: /proc/kcore
- Virtual memory
 - Microsoft Windows: pagefile.sys, hiberfil.sys
 - Unix, Linux, OS X: swap file
- Network state
- Running processes
- Disk
- Floppies, backup media, etc.
- Archival media, including: CD-ROMs, USB drives, etc.





Evidence Location

Windows Environment

- Memory
- Windows Registry Hives
- Internet Activities
- Recent Files or Shortcuts (LNK files)
- Print Spooler
- Recycle Bin
- Hard Drive
- Log Files

Other Areas

- Windows-Equivalent Locations (for General purpose OS's)
- Network Packet Captures
- Firewall, Gateway, and Application Logs



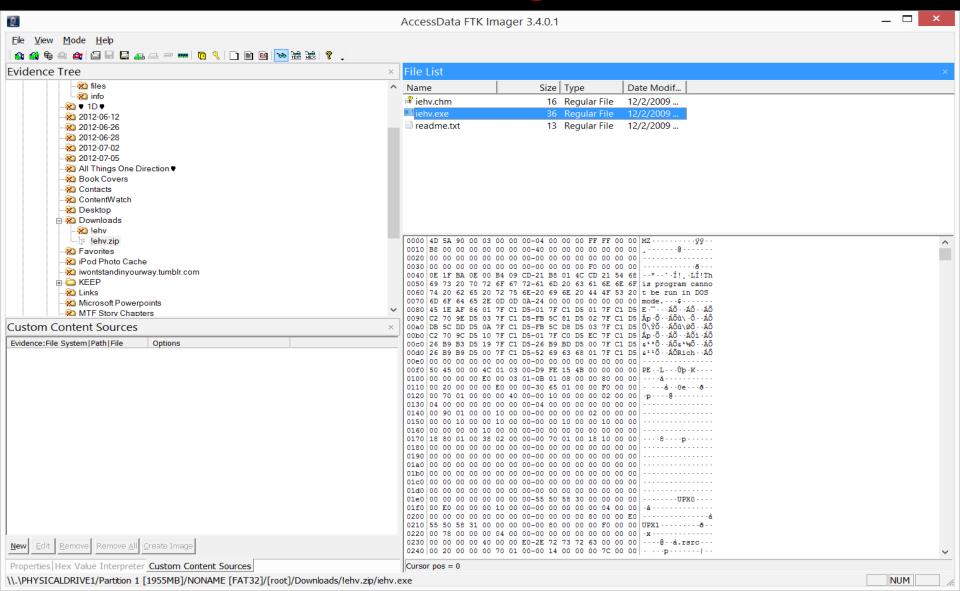


Demo / Lab

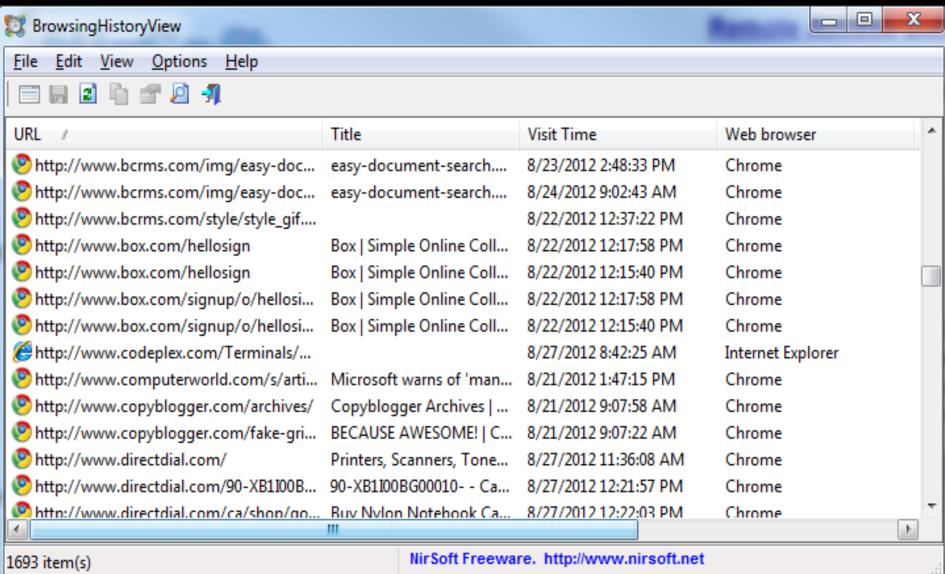




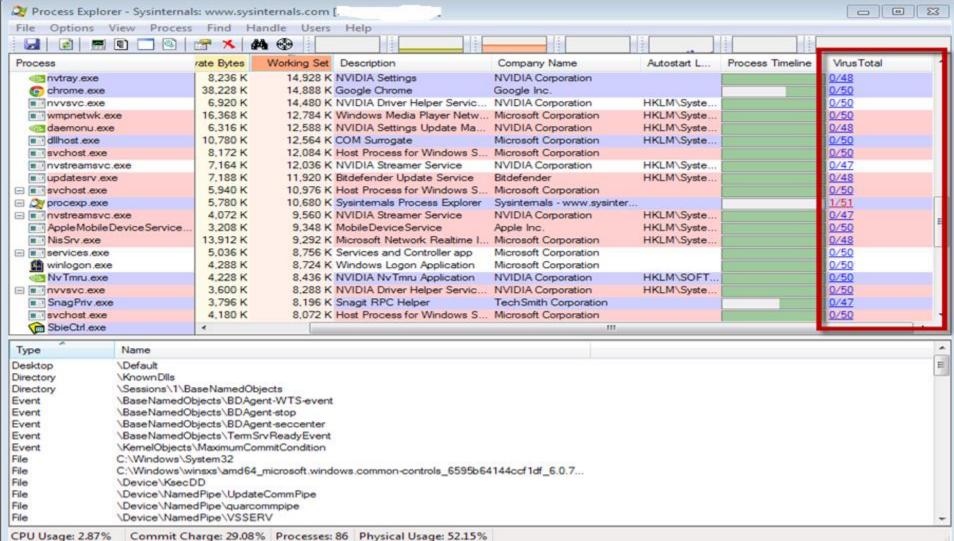
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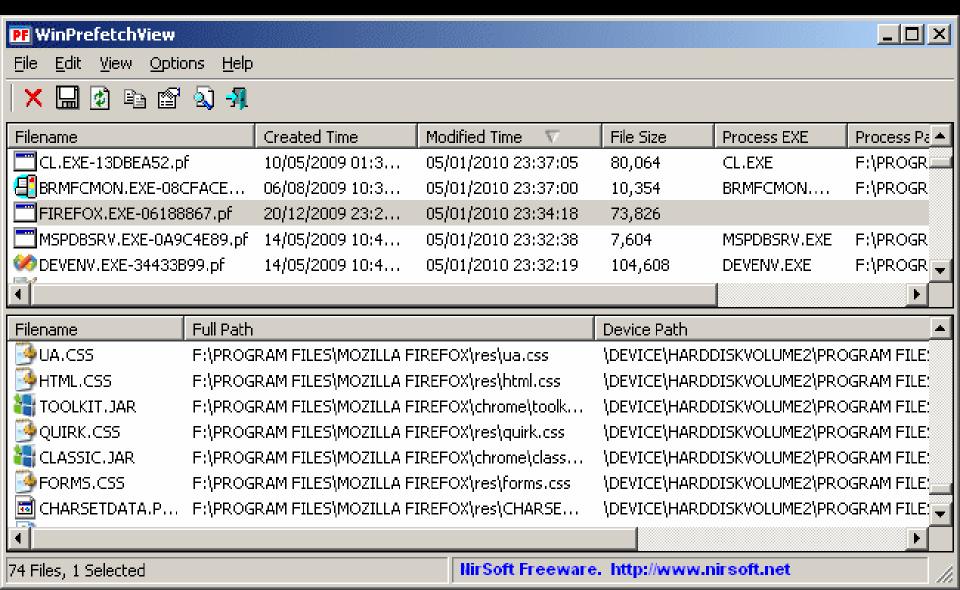
BrowserHistoryView



Process Explorer (with VirusTotal Intelligence)



WinPrefetchView





Data Source Threat Intelligence Feed Data Analytics Analytics Intelligence Intelligence Intelligence Intelligence



Challenges Faced by Cyber Auditors

- Windows OS widespread use results in "Handicap" with other OS
- Inadequate Forensics Training/Education
- Technology Du Jour (Cloud, BIG Data, Virtualization, Mobile Devices)
- Emerging Cyber Threats
 - Sophisticated Rootkits (Malware)
 - Advanced Persistent Threats (APT)
- Anti-Forensics Techniques
- Live Volatile Data
- Ubiquity of Evidence, which calls for Forensics Specialties
 - Memory Forensics, Remote Forensics, Malware Analysis, Network Forensics,
 Mobile Devices, Reverse Engineering, etc.
- Massive Data Collection and Analysis
- Laws, Regulations, and Legal System





Developing Arsenal for Conducting Forensically-Sound Investigations that can Withstand Legal Scrutiny





Building a Forensic Capability

- Seek Management Buy-in
- Revise Corporate Policies to Address Forensics Investigation Planning
- Form a Forensics Investigation SWAT Team
- Identify or Appoint a Team Manager
- Get a Firm Grip on Your Data
- Build and Equip a Forensics Investigation Lab
- Create a Standard Operating Procedure (SOP)
- Acquire Tools and Technologies
- Get Trained on Forensics Investigation Procedures
- Test and Rehearse the Plan and Tools
- Conduct Readiness Exercises and Training Frequently
- Update the Tools, Plans, and Policies





Capabilities for Forensics Readiness

- IT/Security Auditing
- Proactive Training
- Incident Response/Handling
- Malware Analysis
- Remote Forensics
- Hard Drive Forensics
- Security Administration
- Log Analysis
- Intrusion Detection
- Reverse Engineering
- Programming
- System/Network Administration





Success Factors

- Secure the evidence (strict Chain of Custody Form)
- Have the knowledge
- Have the right tools and use them properly
- Document your work!
- Stay within laws, regulations, and policies
- Stay within your scope of investigation
 - If your scope is to find intrusion, do not investigate something else
- Know your boundary Are you providing Expert Testimony or Fact Finding?





Start Investigating Tomorrow

- Be familiar with the proper procedures for conducting digital investigations
- Make sure you have the proper qualifications, training, education, certifications, and licenses
- Make sure you get the PROPER AUTHORIZATION from appropriate corporate authority or Legal before proceeding
 - Approval is typically granted by your Legal, HR, Security, Compliance, or other responsible departments
- Stay within your Scope and Expertise





Some Investigation Tools

- Assorted Tool
 - AccessData FTK Imager (http://accessdata.com)
- Internet History
 - NirSoft (http://nirsoft.net)
- Prefetch Files
 - NirSoft (http://nirsoft.net)
- Process Exploration
 - Process Explorer (http://sysinternals.com)
- Breach Investigation/Detection Platform
 - NetSecurity's ThreatResponder® (http://netsecurity.com)





Questions/Feedback?

 If you have critical comments/feedback that can enhance this presentation, please send them

 Direct Comments, Questions, and Feedback to Inno@NetSecurity.com



